

EL PASO

Waters-Pierce and Standard Likely to Figure in the Coming Campaign.

LIGHTFOOT MAY PROSECUTE AGAIN

Austin, Tex., March 9.—How many more men in the Waters-Pierce Oil company going to make and unmake, politically speaking, in Texas? This is a question that is again arousing the interest of, and being discussed among, men in this state who have watched the trend of political events due to the place this concern has made to occupy in the contest between aspiring men and factions of the democratic party. It has enabled in the past, several state officers to ride into their respective places of political preferment upon the trust buster steam. There is now a prospect of this old being being again related and made to do duty in the next campaign.

The Waters-Pierce Oil company and the Standard Oil company are to be made the objects of a campaign of legal prosecutions at the hands of the attorney general's department if it is found that the testimony in the case of St. Louis, accompanied by John W. Strader, charges that both these concerns were still doing business in Texas, under the name of the Standard Oil company, after the state was based on fact. J. P. Lightfoot, attorney general, left at once for St. Louis, accompanied by John W. Strader, assistant attorney general, their purpose being to institute an investigation into the matter with a view to prosecuting the law.

Was it a Subterfuge? Following the second ouster of the Waters-Pierce Oil company from Texas, the private joint stock company, called the Pierce-Peterson Oil association, was filed by the outlaws, corporation. The Pierce-Peterson Oil association, at the time the attorney general granted it permission to do business in the state, claimed that it was in no way connected with the Waters-Pierce Oil company, although it took over all the latter's holdings in Texas. The attorney general, however, assessed and collected from the Waters-Pierce Oil company for violating the anti-trust laws was approximately \$1,400,000.

The Standard Oil company which was operating in Texas under the name of the Standard Oil company, the Navarro Refining company, was also found guilty of violating the anti-trust laws about the same time that judgment was rendered against the Waters-Pierce Oil company. The Standard Oil company was likewise ousted, and it is now being asked to return the name of the Standard Oil company, which it is still operating in Texas under the name of the Standard Oil company. The Standard Oil company owns the same property that formerly belonged to the Standard in this state.

Lightfoot May Prosecute. Just what the proceedings against the two concerns now doing business in Texas will be, it is known that they are subterfuges of the ouster companies in violation of the courts' decrees. It is known that the Standard Oil company has made no statement as to its plans in this regard. It is the political side of the possible developments of this case which most interests the people of this state. It is practically certain that the charges made in the St. Louis case will be an issue in the coming campaign for attorney general in Texas.

Political opponents of Mr. Lightfoot who is a candidate for attorney general, have charged that his trust busting record was a failure; that he failed to exercise proper care in enforcing the decree of the courts against the Waters-Pierce Oil company and the Standard Oil company were outlawed. But for the decree of the courts, the Standard Oil company would have been at least one political campaign in this state without H. Clay Pierce and his oil company. There has hardly been a man in public life in Texas for the last 10 years who has not been made a victim in one way or another of the effect of this issue.

Attorney General R. V. Davidson won his second term in the office of attorney general in the company issue, he being the officer who instituted the second prosecution that resulted in the ouster of the Standard Oil company.

The Pierce Trial. Another phase of this long drawn out fight was the trial of the Standard Oil company in the district court at Austin, the charge against him being that of false swearing. The trial was held in the district court at Austin, the charge against him being that of false swearing. The trial was held in the district court at Austin, the charge against him being that of false swearing.

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There is one thing very evident, however, no matter what the result of Mr. Lightfoot's investigation of the two alleged offending companies may be, and that is that the Standard Oil company has been cleared, to a large degree, of its popularity in Texas.

Will Be Host at Dinner to a Bunch Sunday—Arizona Politics Lively.

ROOSEVELT IS NOT SO STRONG

(By Chas. C. Cutchaw.) Phoenix, Ariz., March 9.—Emulating the example of Judge Ben B. Lind, say, governor George W. P. Hunt is applying the honor test to the convicts of the state. In fact he is going to have a dinner to the convicts at the Denver hotel worked out by the convicts with boys and young men. Gov. Hunt is applying the same rule to hardened offenders and unfortunates who have long since attained to men's estate. He is proceeding on the theory of "inclusion" is the only kind of influence to exert in the management of convicts, at least until the convicts have proved themselves unrepentant. The governor's experiment is being watched with considerable interest.

Many little acts along this line have already been in operation, for instance the sending of a convict named Anderson alone and unguarded to various sections of the state on errands for prisoners, convicts and others. So far Anderson has met the expectations of the governor in every particular and has a hundred per cent record to date.

Now, there is a more ambitious scheme on foot. Mr. Hunt has arranged to have a dinner to the convicts at the Denver hotel, which is being held in this city Sunday between a local semiprofessional organization and a team representing the Florence penitentiary. The convicts' nine will come from a gang of men engaged in building a state bridge at Tempe and they will travel here and back without guard.

The game was to have been played at the Eastlake ball park, but S. H. Mitchell, president of the Arizona Ballways company, owner of the park, has set his face against the scheme. "There has been too much rowdiness at the park," he says. "It will not be used for any more games on that day."

But Hunt refused to let a little thing like that interfere with his plans, so he has arranged for the use of the Eastlake ball park, and the game will be played there. Following the dinner, the governor will entertain the players, convicts and all, at a dinner at a downtown restaurant. This day will be full of action and possibilities.

Mr. Hunt, contrary to expectations, has announced that he is not a candidate for reelection to the democratic national convention. It is known that at the time certain that he would try for the honor and there was little doubt but that he would be elected. But Hunt says he hasn't the time—his has too much to do as governor to leave the state for such time as it would take to make a campaign for the presidency.

Shaping Legislation. Legislation is being shaped up just now, though not much of it appears on the surface. But the underground movement and those who are not doing anything have several large guesses coming. The charges made in the St. Louis case will be an issue in the coming campaign for attorney general in Texas.

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English People Object to Paying For Sickness Insurance.

PHYSICIANS ALSO MAKE A PROTEST

London, England, March 9.—For an act that passed through parliament without a division, that is without any member registering a vote against it, the National Insurance scheme against sickness and disability has set up a record for the extent of the controversy that has raged around it. The friendly societies, which have insurance benefits of their own for members, started an attack. They feared that the bill, by forcing their members to contribute to the government scheme, would induce them to leave the societies. This was not only the case, but the government scheme, by approved societies being allowed to administer the act so far as it dealt with their members.

Then came the opposition of mistresses and servants, who besides objecting to contributing the six cents weekly each for the insurance of the servant, raised a cry against the necessity of sticking the necessary stamps in a book.

Other classes have taken up the cry against the bill. The Socialists among them, as they wanted a system to which the workmen would not have to contribute, the state and employer paying the whole of the amount required. The most serious and sustained opposition to the bill, however, has been that of the medical men, 2,000 of whom have signed a declaration that they will not accept service under the act. The chief objection of the doctors is that no adequate remuneration for the medical men could be obtained under the act and it would in fact be a sacrifice to the state.

This is only a caricature, as the act states that the remuneration of doctors will be placed in the hands of a committee of the medical profession. The medical men, however, point out that the committee consist of perhaps 800 doctors, and that the remuneration will be decided by a majority of the medical men, so that the adequate remuneration is the remotest.

Medical Men Object. The medical men also object to the control by friendly societies, chiefly because they believe that people who are not insured will be treated as second class citizens. They also object to the control by friendly societies, chiefly because they believe that people who are not insured will be treated as second class citizens.

Counter Campaign. The government has started a counter campaign to bring home to every household in the land that it was a Radical government that was the cause of the medical men's opposition. It has carried on much as would a strike of trade unionists.

Lloyd George opened this campaign at a meeting in the London opera house when he replied to the criticisms of the medical profession. He contended that the medical men were not under the control of the friendly societies, and as to remuneration the bill set up an independent authority to which the doctors would be represented and which would frame the terms. The insurance committees could not arrange the terms of the insurance without consulting the local medical committee representing the whole of the doctors of the district and there was an appeal to the insurance commissioners.

Should the medical profession refuse to accept the terms of the insurance, the government would be forced to make a new plan. The government would be forced to make a new plan. The government would be forced to make a new plan.

Port of St. Thomas. The financiers interested in the plan to make a great port of St. Thomas in the Danish West Indies are much elated over the submission of the scheme to parliament by the minister of finance. The scheme, which will be given the rights to the port for 99 years, plans the expenditure of many millions of dollars. The port of St. Thomas is a universal port by the time of the opening of the Panama canal.

The prime minister of the East Asiatic company, which is in charge of the plan, has been in charge of the plan. The prime minister of the East Asiatic company, which is in charge of the plan, has been in charge of the plan.

United States Minister Egan to Tell Americans About Danish Agriculture.

ST. THOMAS TO BE MADE GREAT SEAPORT

Copenhagen, Denmark, March 9.—Dr. Maurice Egan, the United States minister to Denmark, has been invited by the Southern Commercial society to make a series of talks on "Danish agricultural cooperation and conservation" before the southern chambers of commerce in America.

The position of the United States in the study of scientific agriculture is becoming more important every year and Dr. Egan has made a close study of the methods which have made Denmark a leader in cooperative agriculture. The Danish farmer is not only one of the best in the world, but he is also one of the most successful in the world.

When questioned in regard to the invitation to speak on this subject in the United States, Dr. Egan declared that such a request had been made. He said that he believed that the success of the Danish farmers was not only due to the fact that they received the hearty support and sympathy of the national and provincial governments, but also to the fact that they were able to secure the services of the best agricultural experts in the world.

State Must Have Power. "In effecting this," he said, "it was necessary to secure the success of a co-operative agricultural venture that the state should have a certain power of examination over the products sent to market. The state should have the power of examining the products sent to market. The state should have the power of examining the products sent to market.

Guards Quality of Exports. The Danish national government has been very successful in the export of farm products. Recently Denmark was much aroused on account of a complaint as to the quality of the exports. The government of Denmark was much aroused on account of a complaint as to the quality of the exports.

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Records to Genealogical Society Makes Crests Possible to Some.

MUCH HERALDRY IN THIS COUNTRY FALSE

(By Frederic J. Haakins.) London, England, March 9.—When an American woman has arrived at the point of desiring a heraldic crest for the embellishment of her billiard room and a coat of arms to embellish upon her carriage, her husband, if he is a wise man, makes immediate steps to secure them for her.

While no small amount of false heraldry is displayed in the United States, those who desire to use such ornaments prefer to have them genuine if possible, as well as to have the proper authority for their use. To secure this, records are promptly made to the genealogical society upon both sides of the ocean, that which comes nearest to nobility in its descent.

It was found that some ancestor more or less remote was the bearer of a coat of arms, application may be made to the College of Arms in London. Having obtained this, the American woman can then have her crest and coat of arms made by a heraldic artist according to her own sweet will, untroubled by the fact that the crest and coat of arms which exist in the countries where heraldry originated.

Increased Demand. The coronation of king George gave an unprecedented impetus to the demand for heraldic crests and coats of arms. The heraldic crests and coats of arms which exist in the countries where heraldry originated.

Noble Lineage Not Necessary. To obtain a crest and coat of arms it is not essential that a family be noble. A few American families are anxious to claim untroubled ancestry for some of the oldest families in England, but no title or noble lineage was originally used to distinguish the owners when in armor on the battlefield. The College of Arms in London will give a crest and coat of arms to any family who desire to do so.

English College of Arms Dates Back to the Twelfth Century. The English College of Arms dates back to the twelfth century. The English College of Arms dates back to the twelfth century. The English College of Arms dates back to the twelfth century.

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Architects Get Orders For Plans For Two Homes as Result of Cattleman's Visit—East Montana Street Is Building Up Remarkably Fast—Fourteen Houses in Progress East of the Highland Park Car Line.

Three Handsome Homes.

Three El Paso home builders believe in getting plenty of fresh ozone and also in having room enough to turn around. They are E. G. Perry, Winston Pettus and J. W. Kirkpatrick. These three men have purchased a flight lot on which they are to build their three homes on the corner of Magnolia and Montana streets in Bassett addition in North East El Paso. Mr. Pettus will build on the corner, next Mr. Perry, and then Mr. Kirkpatrick.

Mr. Pettus' home will be a typical California bungalow. The house will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house. The house will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house. The house will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house.

Work on Big Hotel. From now on the big Paso del Norte hotel will be the show place of the city. The hotel will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house. The hotel will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house. The hotel will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house.

Plaza Block Years Completion. Friday the White House part of the Plaza block was completed. The Plaza block was completed. The Plaza block was completed. The Plaza block was completed. The Plaza block was completed.

Big New Residence. W. W. Laughlin's two-story, red pressed brick residence on Montana street is progressing rapidly. The house will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house. The house will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house. The house will be built from the foundation up to the lower sill of the windows of the house.

Montana Street's Progress. One of the remarkable things in the building of the city is the rapid progress of building operations on East Montana street and Bliss street. The building of the city is the rapid progress of building operations on East Montana street and Bliss street. The building of the city is the rapid progress of building operations on East Montana street and Bliss street.

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Real Estate and Too Late To Classify

EL PASO MAKES GOOD ON CONVENTION CITY

El Paso as a convention city has made a dead hit with the cattlemen of the Panhandle association. W. B. Slaughter, president of the association, is enthusiastic over the way things have been managed. "We certainly appreciate the grand entertainment your good city has given us during the convention. All the premises El Paso made in Duhart, when El Paso made the convention, have been more than made good. We have

been treated beyond our expectations, and hope that this is not the last time the annual round-up will be held in El Paso, for we all want to come happy and everybody is going away with a good memory of the way things were managed here. We could want, and the best kind of entertainment, and we certainly appreciate it."

Two Deals in Lots. Lots 1 to 3 inclusive, block 38, Bassett addition, were sold to the same firm for P. J. Savage. Perry-Kirkpatrick. (Continued on Next Page.)

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